



PBF-010-001302

Seat No. _____

B. B. A. (Sem. III) (CBCS) Examination

November / December - 2018

302 : Financial Management - 01

(Old Course)

Faculty Code : 010

Subject Code : 001302

Time : 2 Hours]

[Total Marks : 70

Instructions : (1) All the questions are compulsory.

(2) Figures to the right side indicate marks.

1 Define Financial Management. Discuss the objectives and tools of financial management in detail. 14

OR

1 Discuss in detail the approaches of finance function. 14

2 Explain the time value of money. Discuss the discounting and compounding techniques in detail. 14

OR

2 Attempt the following :

(a) Mr. Happy invested Rs. 40,000. Find in how many years his investment will become Rs. 80,000 at 5% compound interest? 4

(b) Mr. Joy is asking to compute the present value of Rs. 1,000 received every year upto 5th year and Rs. 2,000 from 6th year onwards forever. Assume discounting rate of 10%. 5

(c) Ms. Khushi deposits Rs. 10,000 at an interest rate of 12% per annum for 5 years. Find out the amount she would receive at maturity if the interest is compounded (a) annually (b) half yearly (c) quarterly. 5

- 3 Define Investment Decision. Explain the term Capital Budgeting. Discuss the process of Capital Budgeting. And also discuss the types of projects. 14

OR

- 3 Anand Company wants to invest Rs. 16,00,000 in a capital project. Its scrap value is nil and its economic life is 5 years. Tax rate applicable is 50%. Company uses straight line method of depreciation. Profit before depreciation and tax is as follows : 14

Year	Profit
1	3,20,000
2	3,52,000
3	4,48,000
4	4,80,000
5	8,00,000

The present value factors at 10% are as follows :

Year	1	2	3	4	5
	0.909	0.826	0.751	0.683	0.621

From the above information find out

- (1) Net present value (10%)
 - (2) Payback period
 - (3) Average Rate of Return
- 4 Define capital structure. State the characteristics of an appropriate capital structure. 14
- OR**
- 4 Critically evaluate any two patterns of capital structure. 14
- 5 Attempt : (any two) 14
- (1) Equity shares v/s Preference shares
 - (2) Bridge Finance
 - (3) Operating Leverage and Financial Leverage
 - (4) Retained Earnings